Box-And-Whisker Plots

EQ: How do I draw a picture of data?

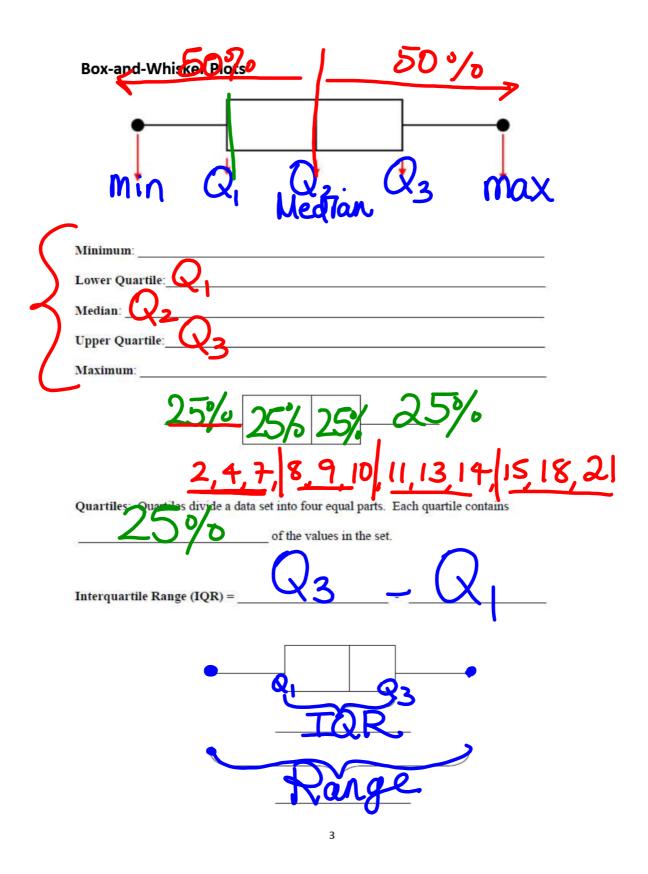
MCC9-12.S.ID.2 Use statistics appropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare center (median, mean) and spread (interquartile range, standard deviation) of two or more different data sets.

<u>5-number summary:</u>

- 1) Minimum beginning of whisker
- 2) Lower Quartile left side of box
- 3) Median middle of box
- 4) Upper Quartile right side of box
- 5) Maximum end of whisker

These values describe the spread of the data and divide the data into 4 EQUAL PARTS.

Together, we use these values to draw a boxand-whisker plot.



From a five-number summary, a box plot can be created to represent the data graphically. To create a box plot, I need a <u>SCALE</u> which will allow me to compare 2 or more box plots. Each portion of the box plot represents <u>25%</u> of the data.

Vocabulary

Outlier - a point that is more than 1.5IQR outside of the quartiles. In a box-and-whisker plot, we do not include outliers in the whiskers.

Outliers

- This is an extreme value that is <u>much less than</u> or <u>much greater</u> than the other data values.
- Outliers have a strong effect on the mean and the mean absolute deviation
- In a box-and-whisker plot, we **DO NOT** include outliers in the whiskers

Calculating Outliers

